

What affect do dative prepositions have on der, die, das and die?

Change them to dem, der, dem and den

**Can you label this perfect tense sentence:
Ich habe Fußball gespielt**

habe = auxiliary verb

gespielt = past participle

**What tense is this sentence written in:
morgen spiele ich Fußball**

The simple future tense

What does 'conjugation' mean?

When a verb changes based on who's speaking

What affect do modal verbs have on word order?

Send the verb to the end in its infinitive form:

Ich muss Hausaufgaben machen

When does the auxiliary verb need to be a form of 'sein'?

When there is movement into or towards something or somewhere

What affect do subordinating conjunctions have on word order?

Send the verb to the end

Year 11 - knowledge organiser

**What tense is this sentence written in:
Ich würde gern Fußball spielen**

The conditional tense

Can you explain how you would use 'um...zu' (in order to)

Firstly add 'um', then the bulk of what you want to say, then 'zu' followed by the verb infinitive:

Ich fahre mit dem Rad, um fit und gesund zu bleiben

Can you explain what a complex structure is?

When you use a subordinating conjunction with a modal verb OR in either the perfect, long future or conditional tense:

,weil ich gestern Chips gegessen habe.

Look at this sentence: der Mann, der Fußball spielt.

Can you say:

1/ what it means

2/ what kind of sentence it is

3/ why the underlined word is 'der' and not 'die' or 'das'

1/the man who plays football

2/relative clause

3/ because the subject is masculine

Can you explain how you would form the long future tense?

Put conjugation of 'werden' second, then send verb to end in its infinitive form

What do verb infinitives look like and where can you find them?

End in an 'en' and you find them in a dictionary

What affect do genitive prepositions have on der, die, das and die?

Turn them into des, der, des, der; add '-s' or '-es' to masculine/neuter nouns